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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/001,764 10/31/2001 Michael B. Metzger DT-4060 4324 01/29/2004 EXAMINER 7590 SIDLEY AUSTIN BROWN & WOOD LLP MUROMOTO JR, ROBERT H 875 Third Avenue ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER New York, NY 10022 3765

DATE MAILED: 01/29/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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**TECHNOLOGY CENTER R3700** 

| ,   |  |  | Application  | on No.   | Applicant(s)  |   |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|---|
| `   |  |  | 10/001,76  | i4   | METZGER, MICHA  | AEL B.                                    |
|   | Office Action Summary  |  | Examiner   |  | Art Unit  |   |
|   |  |  |  | Muromoto, Jr.  | 3765  |   |
| Period fo   | The MAILING DATE of this commu<br>or Reply   | ınication app  | ears on the  | cover sheet with the c   | orrespondence ad  | dress                                     |
| THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r  | ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUI nsions of time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comperiod for reply specified above is less than thirty period for reply is specified above, the maximum re to reply within the set or extended period for repeply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).             | NICATION. ns of 37 CFR 1.13 nmunication. (30) days, a reply statutory period w bly will, by statute,   | 66(a). In no eve<br>within the statu<br>ill apply and wi<br>cause the appl                                     | ent, however, may a reply be timutory minimum of thirty (30) days II expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE  | nely filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co O (35 U.S.C. § 133).         |   |
| 1)🖂   | Responsive to communication(s) fi  | iled on <u>31 Oc</u>   | ctober 200   | <u>1</u> .   |   |   |
| 2a) <u></u> □   | This action is <b>FINAL</b> .  | 2b)⊠ This a  | action is no   | on-final.  |   |   |
| 3)[   | Since this application is in conditio closed in accordance with the practice.  |  |  |  |   | merits is                                 |
| Dispositi   | on of Claims   |  |  |  |   |   |
| 5)□<br>6)⊠<br>7)□   | 4) Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.  |  |  |  |   |   |
|   |  |  | Old Oll Oll Te   | Adamontonic.   |   |   |
| Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |  |  |  |  |   |   |
|   | The oath or declaration is objected  | to by the Exa  | aminer. No   | te the attached Office   | Action or form PT   | O-152.                                    |
| 12)   | Acknowledgment is made of a clair All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priorit  2. Certified copies of the priorit  3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internati ee the attached detailed Office acticknowledgment is made of a claim nce a specific reference was includ 7 CFR 1.78.  1 The translation of the foreign lacknowledgment is made of a claim ference was included in the first se | y documents y documents s of the priori ional Bureau ion for a list of for domestic ed in the first anguage provious for domestic for domestic | have been<br>thave been<br>ty docume<br>(PCT Rule<br>of the certif<br>priority un<br>t sentence<br>visional ap | n received. In received in Application received in Application and the series of the specification or plication has been received and the specification or specification of the specification. | on No d in this National s d. e) (to a provisional in an Application leived. and/or 121 since a | application)<br>Data Sheet.<br>a specific |
|   | e of References Cited (PTO-892)  |  |  | 4) Interview Summary (   | (PTO-413) Paper No(s  | .)  |
| 2) 🔲 Notice   | e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)   |  | ·  | 5) Notice of Informal Pa   |   |   |

### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Specification

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the recitation "This invention relates too...". Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

#### Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the specification contains drawings that should be in a separate drawings section of the instant application. Additionally, multiple misspellings or typographical errors appear throughout the specification, such as the recitation "know" on page 6 which should be -- known--, "in" on page 6, line 9; "angel" on page 7 should be -- angle --; "fiction" on page 7 should be -- friction --.

Also the margins of the disclosure are incorrect. The papers have writing that are obscured by the punch holes at the top of the page because the applicant has used the incorrect margins.

Appropriate correction is required.

#### **Drawings**

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the multi-layer structure of the fabric/sock must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Art Unit: 3765

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Applicant has drawings throughout the specification that should be taken out of the specification to form a drawings section of the application that is appropriate to US Patent practice.

# Claim Objections

Claim 5 is objected to because of the following informalities: the recitation "place" appears to be a typographical error in line 5. Appropriate correction is required.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Pruit '418.

Pruit discloses an article of low friction footwear 10 that covers the lower leg, ankle, and foot of user. "FIG. 1 illustrates the components of an article of <u>low friction</u> footwear indicated generally at 10 that covers the lower leg, ankle, and foot of user 12. Footwear 10 comprises inner <u>layer</u> 14 of material, which fits closely around the foot of user 12. Footwear 10 further comprises friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 that is disposed outwardly from inner layer 14. Friction isolation layer 16

Application/Control Number: 10/001,764

Art Unit: 3765

may cover portions of inner <u>layer</u> 14 or the entirety of inner <u>layer</u> 14. As shown in FIG. 1, friction isolation <u>layer</u> 14 covers the upper portions of the ankle of user 12 and the lower calf of user 12. In the case where friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 covers only a portion of inner <u>layer</u> 14 as shown in FIG. 1, friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 may be held securely in place by retention strap 18 (means for securing layers to the third object) that passes underneath the foot of user 12 to secure friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 in place.

(3) Finally, footwear 10 comprises outer <u>layer</u> 20 (third layer) of material that completely

surrounds inner <u>layer</u> 14 (first layer) and friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 (second layer).

Outer layer 20 comes

in contact with any shoe or boot worn by user 12. The movement of the shoe or boot would ordinarily cause a conventional <u>sock</u> to rub against the skin of the user 12. Due to the positioning of friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 between inner <u>layer</u> 14 and outer <u>layer</u> 20, the movement of a shoe or boot around outer <u>layer</u> 20 causes outer <u>layer</u> 20 to move, but this movement of outer <u>layer</u> 20 is not translated to inner <u>layer</u> 14 that is disposed against the skin of user 12. In a similar way, friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 may be placed directly against a person's skin.

Art Unit: 3765

(4) Inner layer 14 (first layer) and outer layer 20 (third fabric layer) may comprise conventional fabrics used to provide comfortable and durable socks, such as cotton, nylon, wool, or the like, and may also provide additional thermal insulation to the wearer. Friction isolation layer 16 may comprise a wide variety of materials that provide a reduced or low-friction surface. For example, friction isolation layer 16 may comprise slick vinyl, satin cloth, mylar, plastic sheets, slick nylon, or any other material that will prevent the translation of movement of outer layer 20 to inner layer 14. Additionally, it may be desirable to form friction isolation layer 16 of a water proof or water resistant material.

Also, friction isolation layer 16 may be used with more than two layers of

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

material. (col. 2. line 50-col. 3, line 20)"

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pruit '418.

Application/Control Number: 10/001,764

Art Unit: 3765

Although Pruit teaches essentially all of the limitations of the instant invention, there is no specific teaching reciting polyester yarns or that the second layer be rotated 90 degrees with respect to the weave orientation of the first and second fabric layers.

However, Pruit clearly states that the fabric isolation layer 16 "may comprise a wide variety of materials that provide a reduced or <u>low-friction</u> surface. For example, friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 may comprise slick vinyl, satin cloth, mylar, plastic sheets, slick nylon, or any other material that will prevent the translation of movement of outer <u>layer</u> 20 to inner <u>layer</u> 14. Additionally, it may be desirable to form friction isolation <u>layer</u> 16 of a water proof or water resistant material (col. 3, lines 12-20)." One of ordinary skill in the art would have been able to determine that polyester is a material that fills all of the listed requirements. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use a polyester yarn as a low friction material.

With respect to the limitation of rotating the second fabric's weave design 90 degrees, the examiner would like to point out that the conventional fabric teaching in Pruit implies a plain weave design. Plain weave designs are symmetrical in all directions. So if one rotated a fabric of plain weave design 90 degrees to another fabric of plain weave design the weave designs would still be in the same orientation as before the rotation. Since the applicant has not claimed any weave designs different from the plain weave it follows that the structure of claim 5 is the exact same structure of that in claim 1, especially since the applicant has claimed that each fabric have the "identical" top and bottom surface. Therefore it would have been obvious to one of

Application/Control Number: 10/001,764

Art Unit: 3765

ordinary skill in the art to provide the low friction fabric of Pruit with the second fabric

Page 7

rotated 90 degrees as the rotation itself causes no change in the physical structure of

the multi-layered fabric.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure. Various references have been cited that are pertinent to claimed

invention as cited.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Robert H Muromoto, Jr. whose telephone number is

703-306-5503. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-530, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John Calvert can be reached on 703-305-1025. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9302.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-

0861.

Bhm

January 23, 2004

JOHNS. CALVERT SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700

## Notice of References Cited

Application/Control No. 10/001,764

Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination METZGER, MICHAEL B.

Examiner

Robert H Muromoto, Jr.

Art Unit 3765

Page 1 of 1

#### **U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| * |   | Document Number<br>Country Code-Number-Kind Code | Date<br>MM-YYYY | Name                    | Classification |
|---|---|--|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
|   | Α | US-4,615,188                                     | 10-1986         | Hursh et al.            | 66/196         |
|   | В | US-4,843,844                                     | 07-1989         | Hursh et al.            | 66/196         |
|   | С | US-6,108,820                                     | 08-2000         | Bernhardt, Frederick    | 2/239          |
|   | D | US-6,143,368                                     | 11-2000         | Gunn, Robert T.         | 427/407.1      |
|   | Ε | US-6,061,829                                     | 05-2000         | Gunn, Robert T.         | 2/69           |
|   | F | US-5,918,317                                     | 07-1999         | Bernhardt, Frederick S. | 2/239          |
|   | G | US-5,586,398                                     | 12-1996         | Carlson, J. Martin      | 36/114         |
|   | н | US-5,615,418                                     | 04-1997         | Pruit, John D.          | 2/239          |
|   | 1 | US-  |                 |                         |                |
|   | J | US-  |                 |                         |                |
|   | К | US-  |                 |                         |                |
|   | L | US-  |                 |                         |                |
|   | М | US-  |                 |                         |                |

#### FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

| * |    | Document Number<br>Country Code-Number-Kind Code | Date<br>MM-YYYY | Country | Name | Classification |
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#### **NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS**

| * |   | Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages) |
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\*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).)

Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.